

Reading: Odomirok.18-IEE
Model: 2015.Fall #13
Problem Type: Allocation of surplus to line of business

(IEE allocation - 2015.Fall Q13) a-Question

Given

All LOBs	notation	prior CY	current CY
policyholders' surplus	S	15,200	18,500
net loss & LAE reserve	L + LAE	31,200	36,700
net UEP reserve	UEP	7,600	9,000
net EP	NEP	16,700	20,000

Commercial Auto	notation	prior CY	current CY
net loss & LAE reserve	$(L + LAE)_C$	2,000	2,300
net UEP reserve	UEP_C	3,400	3,700
net EP	NEP_C	6,200	6,600

Find

calculate the surplus allocation to commercial auto for the current CY

Let $m(x)$ = mean value of (prior CY value of x , current CY value of x)

Step 1: calculate the Surplus Ratio (SR) using the **All Lines** data

$$SR = m(S) / [m(L) + m(LAE) + m(UEP) + NEP_{cy}]$$

where:

$$\begin{aligned} m(S) &= (15,200 + 18,500) / 2 = 16,850 \\ m(L+LAE) &= (31,200 + 36,700) / 2 = 33,950 \\ m(UEP) &= (7,600 + 9,000) / 2 = 8,300 \\ NEP_{cy} &= 20,000 \end{aligned}$$

then:

$$SR = 16,850 / 62,250 = 27.07\%$$

Step 2: use the Surplus Ratio calculated in Step 1 to allocate the 'All Lines' surplus to **commercial auto** for the current year

$$S_{c(cy)} = SR \times [m(L_c) + m(LAE_c) + m(UEP_c) + NEP_{c(cy)}]$$

where:

$$\begin{aligned} m(L_c + LAE_c) &= (2,000 + 2,300) / 2 = 2,150 \\ m(UEP_c) &= (3,400 + 3,700) / 2 = 3,550 \\ NEP_{c(cy)} &= 6,600 \end{aligned}$$

then:

$$S_{c(cy)} = 27.07\% \times 12,300 = 3,330 \quad \text{<== final answer}$$